Economic Impact of Coronavirus on Canadian Commercial Airports

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Based on preliminary assessments by the Airports Council International – North America, the Coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak will now significantly set back Canadian airports from previously forecasted stable growth prospects. A total loss of up to $2 billion is expected in CY2020 for all Canadian commercial airports. >>

Passenger traffic volume at Canadian commercial airports is estimated to decrease by approximately 78% in the first half of 2020, which translates to about 43% for the full year compared to forecasted 2020 levels without COVID-19. In absolute terms, total passenger (both enplaned and deplaned) is anticipated to decrease by 40 million in the first half of 2020 and 66 million for the full year.

As a result of the travel advisories issued by the Canadian government, Air Canada suspended all direct flights to China in February until the end of April, all direct flights to Italy in March, and reduced flights to Korea, Japan and other affected regions. In response to lower demand, U.S. carriers have also reduced their international capacity including flights to Canada. As more provinces in Canada report increased numbers of confirmed cases of COVID-19, Canadian businesses, schools, and families are cancelling non-essential travel in the coming weeks and months. We therefore expect there will be significant downward adjustment of traffic volume in the magnitude of around 55-71% between March and June. Canadian airports with the greatest impact are the nonstop gateways that service the affected regions falling under the travel advice by the Public Health Agency of Canada, but the impact will be felt by airports of all sizes as airlines cut their schedules.

As airports experience sharp declines in traffic and passenger throughput, airports’ aeronautical and non-aeronautical revenues are expected to decline exponentially. Total airport operating revenue is expected to decrease by about $2 billion in 2020 representing a nearly 46% reduction driven by decreases in the number of passengers and cancellations/reductions of domestic and international flights and reduced aeronautical and non-aeronautical revenue on a per passenger basis.

While aeronautical revenues are under pressure, the cost base for airport operations remain unchanged as airports can neither close nor relocate their terminals during the outbreak. Additionally, over 70% of non-aeronautical revenue for Canadian airports is passenger-dependent based on ACI-NA research. As passenger activity level decreases, non-aeronautical revenue such as parking and commercial revenues will also decrease proportionally.

Canadian airports face increasing operating expenses due to increases in custodial costs associated with increased cleaning frequencies of public areas and restrooms, more and upgraded supplies, extra shifts and staffing, additional hand sanitizers in airport public area for passengers and employees, and additional education and training needed for airport employees and contractors.

Key assumptions based on ACI-NA research:
1. Domestic + transborder traffic represent 74% and international traffic represents 26% of the total enplaned and deplaned passengers at Canadian airports. Domestic and transborder traffic follow similar growth patterns, while international traffic has more significant decrease due to various international travel restrictions.
2. 2020 Aeronautical revenue (including AIF) per E&D pax = $16.54, and 2020 commercial revenue per E&D pax = $6.75, share of Tier 1 airport traffic = 88%, share of Tier 2 airport traffic = 12%
3. Total 2019 E&D Pax = 153,057,300. ACI World previously projected that Canada will grow 2% from 2019 to 2020.

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