# BIT Session 3: 5G Strategies for Airports

#### **Moderator:**

Eduardo Valencia, Vice President, Chief Information Officer, Minneapolis-St. Paul Metropolitan Airports Commission

#### **Speakers:**

Aura Moore, Deputy Executive Director, Chief Information Officer, Los Angeles World Airports Dr. Derek Peterson, Chief Technology Officer, Boingo Wireless Richard Van Wijk, Global Aviation Practice Lead, Nokia



#### **TAMPA 2019**

AIRPORTS COUNCIL INTERNATIONAL - NORTH AMERICA ANNUAL CONFERENCE AND EXHIBITION SEPTEMBER 15 – 17, 2019 #AIRPORTS19

# Wireless spectrum is not a valuable resource, it's a vital one.



For some organizations, wireless has become the "fourth utility;" a resource that's as vital as power, water and heating/cooling. As the vitality of wireless spectrum has increased, it's become clear that data demand is limitless; yet, this crucial resource is also a very finite (and increasingly scarce) one.

Source: CBRS Alliance

## NORTH AMERICA AIRPORTS COUNCIL INTERNATIONAL

## **SESSION GOALS**

- Premise: Wireless connectivity is strategic for airports & big venue owners/operators
- Big changes are coming impacting wireless services and connectivity options
- Change is coming, not just in the cellular space, but also in Wi-Fi and a new service called Citizens Broadband Radio Service (CBRS)
- **Panel's goal** is to pique your interest, level-set a bit and frame up the discussion for our Airport wireless ecosystem

## PANELISTS



#### Richard Van Wijk – Aviation Practice Leader, Nokia

- Over 25 years of experience in Telecommunications business development & consultancy
- Contracted the first LTE Air to Ground Aviation project and private LTE networks for Airports in Europe



#### Dr. Derek Petersen – CTO, Boingo

- Visionary CTO with two decades + experience architecting and deploying award-winning wireless solutions
- Pioneering 5G, Wi-Fi and CBRS
- Board member CBRS Alliance, Wireless Broadband Alliance, MulteFire Alliance and New IP Agency



#### Aura Moore – Deputy Executive Director – CIO, Los Angeles World Airports

- Over 25 years of experience with telecommunications planning at the City of Los Angeles and delivering large-scale airport technology projects
- Credited with modernizing technology infrastructure and enhancing the LAX guest experience

## LET'S SET THE STAGE

- Before turning it loose, let's set the stage from a tech perspective and frame up a couple of concepts and a baseline for CIOs:
  - 5G
  - Wi-Fi
  - CBRS Private LTE





- I'm just a recovering economist turned CIO
- The thoughts are mine not those representing ACI or MSP





# It's all about the Spectrum, Baby!



## UNITED STATES FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS

#### THE RADIO SPECTRUM





teres in the second sec

## TODAY'S SPECTRUM, TODAY'S SERVICE



- 802.11ac is now called "Wi-Fi 5"
  - Unlicensed spectrum
- Widely deployed, we all get benchmarked on it
- Access points support both bands; known support and service options
- Struggles with dense and high capacity areas not seen as secure
- 3G and LTE 4G
- Licensed and protected spectrum
- Verizon, AT&T, T-Mobile and Sprint, normally via DAS @ Airports
- Widely deployed
- Lower frequencies penetrate material better
- Service benchmark is streaming video

## **TODAY'S SPECTRUM**, **TOMORROW'S SERVICE**



- Still Unlicensed
- New 802.11ax standard will be called Wi-Fi 6
- Wi-Fi 6 is much better at high capacity in dense network settings
- Wi-Fi 6 is quite ideal for airport terminal needs
- 4G LTE here to stay: estimated to be around for another decade
- 4.5G will offer many 5G-like features
- Extends the life of DAS
- 5G "New Radio" will rollout in this band





#### 2.4 GHz WiFi

Cellular Network Operators 600 MHz to 2500 MHz In seven sub-bands

- 5G Realm
- Licensed and protected spectrum
- Verizon, AT&T carrier space
- These very high frequencies are called "millimeter wave"
- Very wide-band + high frequencies will lead to "stunning" data throughput
- Very short range; difficult penetrating objects
- Perfect for line-of-site areas with minimal physical barriers
- Carrier specific approaches; no common antenna approach available





•	Unlicensed	(but coordinated)	spectrum
---	------------	-------------------	----------

• Requires a subscription to a "sniffing network" that protects legacy users (needs coordination to setup)

- Very fast, private, low latency & secure
- Wi-Fi easy, LTE good

## **KEY CONSIDERATIONS**



- Overall, think about it in terms of an overarching wireless ecosystem
- Wi-Fi
  - Take a look at what Wi-Fi 6 has to offer; it is designed to perform well in dense environments for increased demand.
  - Consider upgrading, whether is run by you or 3<sup>rd</sup> party provider
- Cellular
  - Existing 4G DAS networks and outdoor sites can be easily upgraded to 4.5G aka LTE Advanced Pro.
  - 4G here to stay due to performance and equipment refresh
  - 5G is on its early stages, has blazing potential, enables commercial use cases including self-driving vehicles, and *big* IoT
  - 5G will require new infrastructure; no neutral host options at this point
  - Consider talking to your carriers about their 5G plans & rollout intentions.



## **KEY CONSIDERATIONS – CONT.**

### • CBRS

- Valuable new spectrum, available for citizens to leverage.
- Potential game changer for in building coverage options
- LTE performance, Wi-Fi Simplicity
- Outstanding technical attributes including speed, throughput, latency, security, quality of service and control
- Commercially available options are here and growing
- Consider your options. Depending on situation it can potentially be leveraged for exclusive airport use.
- CBRS use cases for airports:
  - Private LTE network for secure use by airport personnel and operations (voice, video, machine)
  - Surveillance, automation, building management
  - Potential neutral host LTE to connect any handset with a CBRS chipset